

# **ZTE IPN Solution**

**Security Target** 

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# **Revision History**

Version	Date	Comment
0.1	30/05/2023	First draft
0.2	25/06/2023	update 1.2,1.4.1.1,Appendix A
0.3	30/06/2023	updata 1.41.1 guidance Appendix A,remove QX infos
0.4	17/07/2023	Supplement the missing documents
0.5	28/07/2023	update M6000-SE document name
0.6	08/09/2023	update as Action item list ASE_ADV
0.7	21/09/2023	update 1.4.1.1 document list
0.8	01/12/2023	Clarify TOE physical scope and update TSS
0.9	15/01/2024	Update according to EM1 comments
1.0	19/01/2024	Reply opinion and update chapter 1.2、1.4.1
1.1	14/03/2024	Delete comments in a document and update 1.4.1

# **Contents**

1 ST Introduction	6
1.1 ST References	6
1.2 TOE reference	6
1.3 TOE Overview and usage	7
1.3.1 Major security features	8
1.3.2 Non-TOE Hardware/Software/Firmware	9
1.4 TOE Description	10
1.4.1 Physical scope	10
1.4.1.1 Physical Scope IPN Equipment	10
1.4.2 Logical scope	22
2 Conformance Claims	23
3 Security Problem Definition	24
3.1 Assets	24
3.2 Threat agents	24
3.3 Threats	24
3.4 Assumptions	25
4 Security Objectives	26
4.1 Security objectives for the TOE	26
4.2 Security objectives for the Operational Environment	26
5 Security Requirements	28
5.1 Extended components definition	28
5.2 Definitions	28
5.2.1 Subjects:	28
5.2.2 Operations	28
5.2.2.1 User Management Operations	28
5.2.3 Objects	28

5.2.4 Security attributes	. 29
5.3 Security Functional Requirements	. 30
5.3.1 Identification & Authentication	. 31
5.3.1.1 FIA_UID.2 User identification before any action	. 31
5.3.1.2 FIA_UAU.2 User authentication before any action	. 31
5.3.1.3 FIA_AFL.1 Authentication failure handling	. 31
5.3.1.4 FIA_SOS.1 Verification of secrets	. 31
5.3.1.5 FTA_SSL.3 TSF-initiated termination	. 32
5.3.1.6 FTA_MCS.1 Basic limitation on multiple concurrent sessions	. 32
5.3.1.7 FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition	. 32
5.3.2 Authorization & Security Management	. 33
5.3.2.1 FMT_SMR.1 Security roles	. 33
5.3.2.2 FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions	. 33
5.3.2.3 FDP_ACC.2 Complete access control	. 34
5.3.2.4 FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control	. 35
5.3.2.5 FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes	. 36
5.3.2.6 FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation	. 36
5.3.3 Logging & Auditing	. 36
5.3.3.1 FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation	. 37
5.3.3.2 FAU_SAR.1 Audit review	. 37
5.3.3.3 FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage	. 38
5.3.3.4 FAU_STG.4 Prevention of audit data loss	. 38
5.3.4 Trusted Path	. 39
5.3.4.1 FTP_TRP.1 Trusted path	. 39
5.3.5 Secure Channel	. 39
5.3.5.1 FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel	. 39
5.3.6 Information Flow Control	. 39
5.3.6.1 FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control	. 39
5.3.6.2 FDP_IFF.1 Simple security attributes	. 39

5.4 Security Assurance Requirements4	10
5.5 Security Assurance Requirements Rationale4	12
6 TOE Summary Specification4	13
6.1 User identification and authentication4	13
6.2 Authorization & Security Management4	14
6.3 Logging & Auditing4	14
6.4 Trusted Path and Trust Channel4	15
6.5 Information Flow Control4	16
7 Rationales4	17
7.1 Security Objectives Rationale4	17
7.2 Security Functional Requirements Rationale4	19
7.3 Dependencies	50

# 1 ST Introduction

# 1.1 ST References

Title	ZTE IPN Solution Security Target
Version	1.1
Date	14 March 2024
Author	ZTE Corporation

# 1.2 TOE reference

TOE Name	ZTE IPN Solution	
TOE version	V1.2	
TOE	ZXCTN 9000-E Series	ZXCTN 9000-3EA
Components	Routers	ZXCTN 9000-8EA
		ZXCTN 9000-18EA
	ZXR10 5960M Series Switches	ZXR10 5960M-56QU-HI
		ZXR10 5960M-4M-HI
		ZXR10 5960M-8M-HI
	ZXR10 5960X Series Switches	ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HF
		ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HG
		ZXR10 5960X-54DU-HF
		ZXR10 5960X-54DU-HG
		ZXR10 5960X-24U-HF
	ZXR10 9900X Series Switches	ZXR10 9904X
	333	ZXR10 9908X
		ZXR10 9916X
	ZXR10 M6000-2S	ZXR10 M6000-2S6

<sup>6</sup> Proprietary Information of ZTE CORPORATION

	Series Routers	ZXR10 M6000-2S16
	ZXR10 M6000-S Series Routers	ZXR10 M6000-18S
	Selles Rouleis	ZXR10 M6000-8S Plus
		ZXR10 M6000-8S
		ZXR10 M6000-5S
		ZXR10 M6000-3S Plus
		ZXR10 M6000-3S
	ZXR10 M6000-SE Series Routers	ZXR10 M6000-16SE
	Genes Routers	ZXR10 M6000-8SE
		ZXR10 M6000-4SE
Developer	ZTE Corporation	

# 1.3 TOE Overview and usage

The TOE is the ZTE IPN solution focused on the requirements of core Internet nodes, backbone tandem nodes, core egress nodes of large MANs, and data center gateways, ZTE is committed to building flat networks and unified bearing of all services, helping customers build ultra-wide, efficient, and secure new IP backbone networks.

The TOE is widely used in metro network (including core layer, aggregation layer, and access layer) and backbone network. They provide transmission solutions with various capacities, transmission distances, and intelligent service applications.

The TOE is depicted in Figure 1, together with relevant entities in its environment.

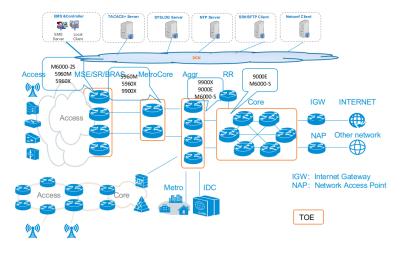


Figure 1: The TOE in its environment

### These entities are:

- A DCN network to manage the TOE. This management network is considered to be trusted, and contains (apart from the TOE):
  - EMS client/server¹: This is a Network Management System² used by a network operator to monitor and configure its entire optical transmission network.
  - SSH client: a command line interface to manage the TOE.
  - SFTP client: a command line interface to upload TOE patches or download syslog files.
  - Netconf client: a proprietary XML-based command interface to manage the TOE.
  - TACACS+ server: a TACACS+ server as a remote authentication server.
  - Syslog server: an external syslog server to keep the audit log.
  - SNMP client: an external SNMP client for receiving the SNMP trap generated by the TOE.
  - NTP server: an external server that provides time source.
- An IPN network, consisting of other devices, connected to the TOE. The IPN network is considered to be trusted.

# 1.3.1 Major security features

The major security features of the TOE are:

- Secure management and usage of the TOE, to ensure that only properly authorized staff can manage and/or use the TOE;
- Secure interaction between various parts of the TOE and between the TOE and various machines in the environment, so that the management data and commands cannot be read or modified in-between;
- 3. Logging and auditing of user actions;
- 4. Information flow control for management traffic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EMS server is acting as a Netconf client and connects to the TOE Netconf interface. It is considered equivalent as the Netconf client in this evaluation. EMS client connects to the EMS server to operate the EMS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Some operators refer to an NMS as an OSS (Operations Support System).

<sup>8</sup> Proprietary Information of ZTE CORPORATION

### 1.3.2 Non-TOE Hardware/Software/Firmware

The environment for TOE comprises the following software as shown in Figure 1:

- Management Clients:
  - o EMS client/server
  - o SSH client
  - SFTP client
  - Netconf client
  - SNMP client
- Supporting Servers:
  - TACACS+ server
  - Syslog server
  - NTP server

The environment for TOE comprises the following:

- Local PCs are used by administrators to connect to the TOE for accessing the services with a secure channel by a SSH/SFTP client. The TOE is accessed by using a command line terminal.
- Remote PCs/workstations used by administrators to connect to the TOE for access with a SSH/SFTP client, Netconf client or EMS client.
- Servers hosting the following servers:
  - EMS server, for TOE management through the Netconf interface.
     It is equivalent to the Netconf client in this evaluation.
  - TACACS+ server is optional and may be used instead of local authentication.
  - Syslog server is optional and is used for receiving audit information from the TOE via SYSLOG protocol.
  - SNMP client is optional and is used for receiving alarm information from the TOE via SNMP protocol.
  - NTP server is used for synchronizing time to the TOE.
- Other devices

# 1.4 TOE Description

# 1.4.1 Physical scope

The TOE consists of both TOE hardware, software and guidance documents. The TOE software is provisioned in the TOE hardware. Both are delivered to the customer physically with a contracted shipping company. The customer needs to download the software package as well as the guidance documents as zed or pdf files from ZTE's support website and the user has to verify the versions provided in the following table for all TOE parts for secure acceptance.

# 1.4.1.1 Physical Scope IPN Equipment

The TOE consists of one of the hardware models listed in Table 1, its corresponding software and guidance documents, and all of the Common Criteria guidance documents.

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
ZXCTN 9000-E	Series Routers	
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A <sup>3</sup>
	ZXCTN 9000-3EA	
	ZXCTN 9000-8EA	
	ZXCTN 9000-18EA	
Software package name	9000E_5.00.10.72_rel.set	CTN90 00-E V5.00.1 0.72
Guidance	SJ-20230404101353-001-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Safety Precautions.pdf  SJ-20230404101353-002-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Product Description.pdf  SJ-20230404101353-003-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18 R1.0, 2023- 04-18 R1.0, 2023- 04-18

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptsize 3}$  TOE hardware model name is the hardware unique identifier and served as the version of the hardware

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Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230404101353-004-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Feature Description.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-005-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Security Description.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-006-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-007-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform License Operation Guide.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-008-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Initial Configuration Guide_R1.1.pdf	R1.1, 2023- 05-31
	SJ-20230404101353-009-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-010-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Backup and Recovery.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-011-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-012-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Parts Replacement Guide.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-013-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-014-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Emergency Maintenance.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-015-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Alarm Handling.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-016-ZXCTN 9000-EA	R1.0,

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	(V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Multi-Service Packet- Based Platform Command Reference.chm	2023- 04-18
	SJ-20230404101353-017-ZXCTN 9000-EA (V5.00.10.72) Carrier Class Multi-Service Packet-Based Platform Security Hardening.pdf	R1.0, 2023- 05-31
ZXR10 5960M \$	Series Switches	
Hardware	Contains one of the following model:	N/A
	ZXR10 5960M-56QU-HI	
	ZXR10 5960M-4M-HI	
	ZXR10 5960M-8M-HI	
Software package	5960M_61P64.set patchname: V7.00.00.61P64_HP_348390.pat	5960 V7.00.0
name		0.61P6 4
		patch version
		: ZXR10 5960V7 .00.00.6 1P64_H P_3483 90
Guidance	SJ-20230817094310-001-ZXR10         5960M         Series           (V7.00.00.61)         Data         Center         Switch         Product           Description.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 08-30
	SJ-20230817094310-002-ZXR10 5960M Series (V7.00.00.61) Data Center Switch Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 08-30
	SJ-20230817094310-005-ZXR10 5960M Series (V7.00.00.61) Data Center Switch Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 08-30
	SJ-20230817094310-008-ZXR10 5960M Series (V7.00.00.61) Data Center Switch Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 09-30

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230817094310-009-ZXR10 5960M Series (V7.00.00.61) Data Center Switch Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 09-30
	SJ-20230817094310-010-ZXR10         5960M         Series           (V7.00.00.61)         Data         Center         Switch           Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 09-30
	SJ-20230817094310-011-ZXR10 5960M Series (V7.00.00.61) Data Center Switch Alarm Handling.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 09-30
ZXR10 5960X S	Series Switches	
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A
	ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HF	
	ZXR10 5960X-54DU-HF	
	ZXR10 5960X-24U-HF	
	ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HG	
	ZXR10 5960X-54DU-HG	
Software package name	5960X_LS2088A.set patchname: V6.00.03.92P02_HP_348390.pat	5900 V6.00.0 3.92P0 2
		patch version : ZXR10 5960X V6.00.0 3.92P0 2_HP_3 48390
Guidance	SJ-20230524100811-001-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Product Description.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-30
	SJ-20230524100811-002-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-30

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230524100811-003-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-30
	SJ-20230524100811-004-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Initial Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 06-30
	SJ-20230524100811-005-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Security Hardening.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 06-30
	SJ-20230524100811-006-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-20
	SJ-20230524100811-007-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 06-30
	SJ-20230524100811-008-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-15
	SJ-20230524100811-009-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Alarm Handling.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-15
	SJ-20230524100811-011-ZXR10 5960X Series (V6.00.03.92) Data Center Core Switch Feature Description.pdf	R1.0 , 2023- 07-15
ZXR10 9900X S	Series Switches	
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A
	ZXR10 9904X,	
	ZXR10 9908X,	
	ZXR10 9916X	
Software package name	base.set patch name:Patch-V1.00.30.01P26_HP_965767.pat	V1.00.3 0.01P2 6
		patch version: V1.00.3 0.01P2

Туре	Delivery Items	Version	
		6_HP_9 65767	
Guidance	SJ-20230210102038-002-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Product Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-003-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-005-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-007-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-008-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Parts Replacement Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-009-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-013-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Initial Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
	SJ-20230210102038-014-ZXR10 9900X Series (V1.00.30) Data Center Core Switch Security Hardening.pdf	R1.0 2023- 06-30	
ZXR10 M6000-2	ZXR10 M6000-2S Series Routers		
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A	
	ZXR10 M6000-2S6,		
	ZXR10 M6000-2S16		

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
Software package name	ZXCTNM600090002E8A_V5.10.10.30B34.set	M6000 V5.10 .10.3 0
Guidance	SJ-20230202173055-001-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Safety Precautions.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230202173055-002-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Security Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230202173055-003-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Commissioning Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 01-30
	SJ-20230202173055-004-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Initial Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 01-30
	SJ-20230202173055-005-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (System Management).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-006-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (Interface Management).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-007-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (IP Service).pdf	R1.0 2023- 01-30
	SJ-20230202173055-008-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (IP Routing).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-009-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (IP Multicast).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-010-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (MPLS).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-011-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (VPN).pdf	R1.0 2023-

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
		01-30
	SJ-20230202173055-012-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (QoS).pdf	R1.0 2023- 01-30
	SJ-20230202173055-013-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (Security).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-014-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (Reliability).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-015-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (SR).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-016-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Configuration Guide (SRv6).pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-017-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Backup and Recovery.pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-018-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-019-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Fault Management Overview.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230202173055-020-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Emergency Handling.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230202173055-021-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Alarm Handling.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230202173055-022-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230202173055-023-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Fault Information Collecting.pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-30
	SJ-20230202173055-024-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Performance Reference.pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-31
	SJ-20230202173055-025-ZXR10 M6000-2S (V5.10.10.30) Command Reference.chm	R1.1 2023- 06-30
ZXR10 M6000-	S Series Routers	
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A
	M6000-18S,	
	M6000-8S,	
	M6000-8S Plus,	
	M6000-5S,	
	M6000-3S,	
	M6000-3S Plus	
Software package name	M6000-S_5.00.10.72_rel.set	M6000- S V5.00.1 0.72
Guidance	SJ-20230220175532-001-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Safety Precautions.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-002-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Product Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-003-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-004-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Feature Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230220175532-005-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Security Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-006-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-007-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router License Operation Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-008-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Initial Configuration Guide_R1.1.pdf	R1.1 2023- 05-31
	SJ-20230220175532-009-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-010-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Backup and Recovery.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-011-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-012-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Parts Replacement Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-013-ZXR10         M6000-S           (V5.00.10.72)         Carrier-Class         Router           Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-014-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Emergency Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-015-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Alarm Handling.pdf	R1.0 2023- 02-28
	SJ-20230220175532-016-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Command Reference.chm	R1.0 2023- 02-28

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230220175532-017-ZXR10 M6000-S (V5.00.10.72) Carrier-Class Router Security Hardening.pdf	R1.0 2023- 05-31
ZXR10 M6000-	SE Series Routers	
Hardware	Contains one of the following hardware models:	N/A
	M6000-16SE,	
	M6000-8SE,	
	M6000-4SE	
Software package name	M6000-SE_V6.00.10.10_rel.set	M6000- SE V6.00.1 0.10
Guidance	SJ-20230727183755-001-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Safety Precautions.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-002-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Product Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-003-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Hardware Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-004-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Feature Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-005-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Security Description.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-006-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Hardware Installation Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-007-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Initial Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 03-06

Туре	Delivery Items	Version
	SJ-20230727183755-008-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router License Operation Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-009-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Configuration Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-010-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Security Hardening.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-011-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Parts Replacement Guide.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-012-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Routine Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-013-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Backup and Recovery.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-014-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Emergency Maintenance.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-015-ZXR10 M6000-SE (V6.00.10.10) Carrier-Class Router Alarm Handling.chm	R1.0 2023- 10-20
	SJ-20230727183755-016-ZXR10         M6000-SE           (V6.00.10.10)         Carrier-Class         Router           Troubleshooting.pdf	R1.0 2023- 10-20
Common Criteria Guidance Documents		
ZTE IPN Co Configuration.po	ommon Criteria Security Evaluation - Certified	R1.4, 2024- 03-14

### Table 1 List of TOE physical scope

# 1.4.2 Logical scope

Figure 2 shows the logical architecture of the TOE. All the software components are included in the TOE software bundle listed in section 1.4.1.

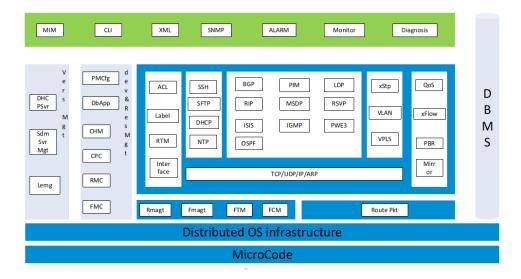


Figure 2 Logical Architecture of the TOE

The TOE provides the following security functionalities:

- Users identification and authentication is enforced, so users must be authenticated by password before using or managing the TOE. User sessions are monitored and passwords are verified to enforce secure authentication;
- 2. Access control is strictly enforced to TOE users based on their privilege level and the access control policy;
- 3. User management functionalities are provided to control the users and their attributes (privilege level, password, idle time, account lock, etc.);
- 4. TOE communications with the management client or EMS server are protected against modification or disclosure;
- 5. User actions are logged. The log trail is protected against unauthorized modification. The TOE provides administrators with log review capabilities.
- 6. Information flow control: The TOE accepts management traffic from the DCN network according to the ACL rules.

# 2 Conformance Claims

This ST conforms to Common Criteria, version 3.1R5, as defined by [CC] with

CC Part 2 conformant

CC Part 3 conformant

This ST claims conformance to EAL 3 augmented with ALC\_FLR.2.

This ST conforms to no Protection Profile.

# 3 Security Problem Definition

This section describes the assets, threat agents and threats to the TOE.

# 3.1 Assets

**USER\_DATA**User data from a user device that is transmitted by the

TOE.

**ADMIN\_ACCESS** Administrative access to the TOE.

TSF\_DATA TSF data stored and managed by the Management

Clients and that is used to enforce the security mechanism, such as the stored user passwords, the user attributes, or the encryption keys for the trusted channels. This data shall only be modified by users with

ADMIN\_ACCESS.

**TSF\_ACTIVITY\_LOGS**User and administrator log records generated by the TSF.

# 3.2 Threat agents

TA.REMOTE An attacker with access to the DCN Network that is

connected to the TOE. This agent does not have

authorized access to the TOE.

TA.USER An attacker with authorised access to the TOE, but

without any administrative rights.

# 3.3 Threats

T.COMMUNICATION\_CH TA.REMOTE may be able to disclose or modify

**USER\_DATA** or **TSF\_DATA** data while being transmitted

through unsecure networks.

T.UNAUTHENTICATED\_USER TA.REMOTE may be able to bypass the user

authentication and to access the TOE and perform administrative actions (ADMIN\_ACCESS) on the TOE

and modify TSF\_DATA.

T.UNAUTHORIZED\_ADMIN TA.USER may be able to bypass the access control

policy or information flow control policy of the TOE and perform administrative actions (ADMIN\_ACCESS) without administrative rights and modify TSF\_DATA.

T.UNDETECTED\_ACTIVITY TA.REMOTE or TA.USER may be able to attempt or

perform abusive actions on the TOE without administrator

awareness (TSF\_ACTIVITY\_LOGS).

T.UNKNOWN\_SOURCE

**TA.REMOTE** may be able to bypass the information flow access control and to access the TOE and perform administrative actions (**ADMIN\_ACCESS**) on the TOE and modify **TSF\_DATA**.

# 3.4 Assumptions

A.TIME

The environment will provide a reliable timestamp for the TOE.

A.TRUSTED\_NETWORK

The TOE, SYSLOG server, SNMP client, TACACS+ server and other TOEs are deployed in a controlled environment; at the operator's equipment room in trusted networks. The TOE and the TOE management clients/servers are segregated from the core network and IP management network so only authorized network traffic is allowed.

A.PHYSICAL\_PROTECTION

TOE hardware equipment and the required clients/servers are placed in a safe and controllable space. These devices shall be maintained and operated only by authorized personnel.

**A.ADMINISTRATORS** 

The personnel working as authorized administrators are trustworthy and trained for the TOE administration.

A.MANAGEMENT\_DEVICE

The administrator uses a secure remote management terminal and server for remote access to the TOE. The client or server is up to date regarding security upgrades and cryptographic support.

#### 4 **Security Objectives**

These security objectives describe how the threats described in the previous section will be addressed. It is divided into:

- The Security Objectives for the TOE, describing what the TOE will do to address the threats
- The Security Objectives for the Operational Environment, describing what other entities must do to address the threats

A rationale that the combination of all of these security objectives indeed addresses the threats may be found in section 7.1 of this Security Target.

#### 4.1 Security objectives for the TOE

O.SECURE\_COMMUNICATION The TOE shall provide the means to establish the

secure communication channels between the TOE and

the Management Clients.

O.USER\_AUTHENTICATION The TOE shall enforce the user authentication on all

user access to the TOE.

O.ACCESS\_CONTROL The TOE shall implement a flexible privilege-based

> authorization framework. Each privilege allows a user to perform certain actions, and the TOE shall ensure that users can only perform actions when they have a

privilege that allows them to perform such action.

**O.AUDITING** The TOE shall enforce logging of user actions and

provide auditing capabilities to the audit review

privilege.

O.INFORMATION\_FLOW\_CONT

ROL

The TOE shall ensure that only accept the clients/servers from the accepted network sources to

manage the TOE.

#### 4.2 Security objectives for the Operational Environment

**OE.TIME** The TOE environment shall provide reliable time via

trusted NTP service and protect the communication

between the TOE and the NTP service.

OE. TRUSTED\_NETWORK The TOE, SYSLOG server, SNMP client, TACACS+

server and other OTEs are deployed in controlled

environments; at the operator's equipment room in a trusted network. The TOE and the TOE management clients/servers are segregated from the core network and IP management network so only authorized network traffic is allowed.

**OE.PHYSICAL\_PROTECTION** 

TOE hardware equipment, and the required clients/servers shall be placed in a safe and controllable space. These devices shall be maintained and operated only by authorized personnel.

**OE.ADMINISTRATORS** 

The personnel working as authorized administrators shall be trustworthy and thoroughly trained for the TOE administration and will follow the TOE's user guidance.

OE.MANAGEMENT\_DEVICE

The TOE administrator shall use a secure remote management terminal and server for remote access to the TOE. The client or server shall be up to date regarding security upgrades and cryptographic support.

# 5 Security Requirements

# 5.1 Extended components definition

There are no extended components defined.

# 5.2 Definitions

The following terms are used in the security requirements:

### 5.2.1 Subjects:

 S.User: the users with access to the TOE and that are responsible for the TOE management and that are connected through the DCN Management network.

## 5.2.2 Operations

# 5.2.2.1 User Management Operations

- OP.lockUnlockUser: to unlock or lock a user. A locked user is not able to log-in to the TOE;
- **OP.userManagement**: to perform user management functions, which include adding, removing users or modifying user attributes from TOE;
- OP.logReview: to review the logs generated by the TOE;
- OP.RuleManagement: to perform security rule management functions, which include adding, removing or modifying security rules;
- **OP.idleTimeout:** to set the amount of time that a user can remain idle before it is logged out from the TOE.

# 5.2.3 Objects

- O.user: this object includes all information of the user account. The specific fields can be seen in the following section as these are considered security attributes;
- O.rule: this object includes all information of the security rule. The specific
  fields can be seen in the following section as these are considered security
  attributes;
- **O.setting**: this object includes all information of the security common settings. The specific fields can be seen in the following section as these are considered security attributes.

# 5.2.4 Security attributes

### User

- User.username: User unique identifier;
- User.password: the user password;
- User.passwordHistory: the user password change history;
- User.privilegeLevel: the privilege level of this user;
- o **User.rule**: the security rule of the user;
- User.isLocked: this indicates if the user account is locked or not.
   Only not locked users are allowed to login.

## Rule

- Rule.passwordExpirationDate: is the expiration date of user password if used;
- Rule.passwordHistoryNumber: is the history number of the last passwords. When set, the user cannot use the passwords in this password history for when changing the password;
- Rule.allowedIPs: is the list of the allowed source IPs for the user to log-in. If the log-in is requested from other IPs, access is denied;
- Rule.authenticationAttempts: is the maximum authentication attempts allowed for the user before locking its account;
- Rule.lockedPeriod: is the period of time that the user account will remain locked.

### Setting

 Setting.idleTimeout: is the amount of time that the user can remain idle before it is logged out from the TOE.

# 5.3 Security Functional Requirements

The following notational conventions are used in the requirements:

- Assignments are indicated in **bold text**;
- •Selections are indicated in bold underlined text;
- Refinements are indicated with bold italic text and strikethroughs. In general
  refinements were applied to clarify requirements and/or make them more
  readable;
- •Iterations are indicated by adding three letters to the component name;
- •References are indicated with [square brackets].

The SFRs have been divided into six major groups:

- Identification & Authentication
- Authorization & Security Management
- Logging & Auditing
- Trusted Path
- Secure Channel
- Information Flow Control

### 5.3.1 Identification & Authentication

### 5.3.1.1 FIA\_UID.2 User identification before any action

FIA\_UID.2.1 The TSF shall require each **S.User** user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.

# 5.3.1.2 FIA UAU.2 User authentication before any action

FIA\_UAU.2.1 The TSF shall require each **S.User** user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.

### 5.3.1.3 FIA\_AFL.1 Authentication failure handling

FIA\_AFL.1.1 The TSF shall detect when an administrator configurable positive integer within 0 and 16 (Rule.authenticationAttempts, default 5) for SSH and Netconf interface; unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to S.User authentication.

FIA\_AFL.1.2 When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been **met**, the TSF shall **lock the S.User account**:

- Until is unlocked by the security administrator, or
- Until a security administrator configurable time (Rule.lockedPeriod) have passed, if the account has not been set to permanent locking.

Application Note: The security administrator is an S.User with the privilege level containing the corresponding rights (OP.lockUnlockUser, OP.RuleManagement)

5.3.1.4 FIA\_SOS.1 Verification of secrets

FIA\_SOS.1.1 The TSF shall provide a mechanism to verify that secrets *User.password* meet:

 At least 8 characters including four types: number, upper case letter, lower case letter, special characters;

- Cannot be the same as the username, the username in reverse<sup>4</sup> or a common password dictionary word;
- The new password cannot be the same as one of the last (Rule.passwordHistoryNumber) passwords set in User.passwordHistory.
- 5.3.1.5 FTA SSL.3 TSF-initiated termination
  - FTA\_SSL.3.1 The TSF shall terminate an interactive session after a **period** of inactivity that equals the configured time (Setting.idleTimeout).
- 5.3.1.6 FTA\_MCS.1 Basic limitation on multiple concurrent sessions

FTA\_MCS.1.1 The TSF shall restrict the maximum number of concurrent sessions that belong to the same user *S.User*.

FTA\_MCS.1.2 The TSF shall enforce, by default, a limit of 3 sessions per user **S.User**.

5.3.1.7 FIA ATD.1 User attribute definition

FIA\_ATD.1.1 The TSF shall maintain the following list of security attributes belonging to individual users **S.User**:

- User.username;
- User.password;
- User.passwordHistory;
- User.privilegeLevel;
- User.rule;
- User.isLocked.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If the username is chang, "gnahc" is not allowed

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# 5.3.2 Authorization & Security Management

# 5.3.2.1 FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles

FMT\_SMR.1.1 The TSF shall maintain the roles:

- For CLI Interface: ZXCTN 9000-8EA、ZXR10 M6000-16SE、ZXR10 M6000-3S Privilege level 0 to 18; ZXR10 5960M-4M-HI、ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HF、ZXR10 9904X、ZXR10 M6000-2S16 Privilege level 0 to 15.
- For Netconf interface: User defined roles which can be assigned with different operations.

Application note: For CLI interface, there are 16 or 19 privilege levels, refer to the above description. Each privilege level is treated as a distinct role. However, a user can only belong to one privilege level (role).

FMT\_SMR.1.2 The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles.

Application note: For CLI interface, the role of a user is identified by his privilege level.

5.3.2.2 FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

FMT\_SMF.1.1 The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions:

Management function	Related to SFR
OP.ruleManagement -> User.Rule.allowedIPs	FDP_ACF.1
Set whether a user(assigned the rule) can only login from certain IP-addresses, and if so, which IP addresses	
OP.idleTimeout -> Setting.idleTimeout	FTA_SSL.3
Set the time that users may remain logged in while inactive	
OP.ruleManagement -> User.Rule.allowedWorkSchedule	FDP_ACF.1
Set whether a user (assigned the rule) is only allowed to work at certain times, and if so, at which times	
OP.ruleManagement -> User.Rule.authenticationAttempts	FIA_AFL.1
Set the number of allowed unsuccessful authentication attempts	
OP.ruleManagement -> User.Rule.lockedPeriod	FIA_AFL.1
Set the time that an account(assigned the rule) remains	

locked	
OP.lockUnlockUser -> User.isLocked	FIA_AFL.1
Unlock a user account	
OP.ruleManagement -> User.Rule.passwordExpirationDate	FDP_ACF.1
Set whether a user (assigned the rule) password expires after a certain time, and if so, after how long	
OP.ruleManagement -> Rule.passwordHistoryNumber	FIA_SOS.1
Set the length password history that it is maintained to prevent the users from using the same password. E.g. if set to 3, then the users cannot use the last 3 passwords	
OP.userManagement -> User.privilegeLevel	FMT_SMR.1
Assign the privilege level of a user	
OP.ruleManagement -> Rule.allowedIPs	FDP_IFF.1
Configure the accepted management traffic	
OP.userManagement	FIA_ATD.1
Create, edit and delete user accounts	FIA_SOS.1
OP.logReview	FAU_SAR.1
Log review	

Application Note: Not all management functions are implemented in all TSFIs. Actual implemented functions are described in the guidance documents mentioned in chapter 1.4.1.

5.3.2.3 FDP\_ACC.2 Complete access control

FDP\_ACC.2.1 The TSF shall enforce the **Privilege-based Access Control Policy** on

- Subjects:
  - o S.User
- Objects:
  - o O.user;
  - o O.rule;
  - o O.setting.

and all operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP.

FDP\_ACC.2.2 The TSF shall ensure that all operations between any subject controlled by the TSF and any object controlled by the TSF are covered by an access control SFP.

5.3.2.4 FDP\_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

FDP\_ACF.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the **Privilege-based Access Control Policy** to objects based on the following:

- Subjects:
  - S.User, with security attributes:
    - User.privilegeLevel;
    - User.rule;
    - User.isLocked;
- Objects:
  - O.user;
  - o O.rule;
  - O.setting.

FDP\_ACF.1.2 The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed:

- S.User is allowed to perform all operations defined in FMT\_SMF.1.1, if and only if the user is authenticated and his User.privilegeLevel has the corresponding operation right;
- S.User is allowed to perform OP.logReview, if the user is authenticated and his User.privilegeLevel includes the log view right.

FDP\_ACF.1.3 The TSF shall explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: **None**.

FDP\_ACF.1.4 The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules:

- S.User is locked (User.isLocked is True);
- S.User's User.privilegeLevel does not include the right to perform the operation;
- S.User password has expired (current time >= User.rule.passwordExpirationDate);

- S.User session has been terminated due to:
  - Inactivity (Setting.idleTimeout).
- 5.3.2.5 FMT\_MSA.1 Management of security attributes

FMT\_MSA.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the **Access Control Policy** to restrict the ability to **change\_default**, **modify**, **delete** the security attributes:

- Rule.passwordExpirationDate
- Rule.passwordHistoryNumber
- Rule.allowedIPs
- Rule.authenticationAttempts
- Rule.lockedPeriod
- Setting.idleTimeout
- User.username
- User.password
- User.passwordHistory
- User.privilegeLevel
- User.rule
- User.isLocked

to S.User.

5.3.2.6 FMT\_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation

FMT\_MSA.3.1 The TSF shall enforce the **Access Control Policy** to provide **restrictive** default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.

FMT\_MSA.3.2 The TSF shall allow the **S.User with privilege level 15** to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created.

5.3.3 Logging & Auditing

#### 5.3.3.1 FAU\_GEN.1 Audit data generation

FAU\_GEN.1.1 The TOE shall be able to generate an audit record of the following auditable events:

- a) Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions;
- b) All auditable events for the **not specified** level of audit; and
- c) The following auditable events:
  - S.User authentication (security log);
  - OP.lockUnlockUser (security log);
  - OP.enableDisableUser (operation log);
  - OP.userManagement (operation log);
  - OP.ruleManagement (operation log);
  - OP.idleTimeout (operation log).

FAU\_GEN.1.2 The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information:

- a) Date and time of the event, type of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event; and
- b) For each audit event type, based on the auditable event definitions of the functional components included in the PP/ST, **none**.

<u>Application note</u>: Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions is not explicitly logged, however the logging functionality is enabled at start-up and cannot be disabled.

#### 5.3.3.2 FAU\_SAR.1 Audit review

FAU\_SAR.1.1 The TSF shall provide **S.User with OP.logReview right** with the capability to read **all log records** from the audit records.

FAU\_SAR.1.2 The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information.

5.3.3.3 FAU\_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage

FAU\_STG.1.1 The TSF shall protect the stored audit records in the audit trail from unauthorised deletion.

FAU\_STG.1.2 The TSF shall be able to <u>prevent</u> unauthorised modifications to the stored audit records in the audit trail.

5.3.3.4 FAU\_STG.4 Prevention of audit data loss

FAU\_STG.4.1 The TSF shall <u>overwrite the oldest stored audit records</u><sup>5</sup> and **no** other actions if the audit trail is full.

Application note: Audit records can be exported to a backup server.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The operation was completed to "take no other actions", and this was subsequently refined away to make the sentence more readable.

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5.3.4 Trusted Path

5.3.4.1 FTP TRP.1 Trusted path

FTP\_TRP.1.1 The TSF shall provide a communication path between itself and **remote** users that is logically distinct from other communication paths and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from **modification and disclosure**.

FTP\_TRP.1.2 The TSF shall permit <u>remote users</u> to initiate communication via the trusted path.

FTP\_TRP.1.3 The TSF shall require the use of the trusted path for <u>initial user</u> <u>authentication and all TOE management functions defined in FMT\_SMF.1</u>.

Application note: This SFR addresses the SSH CLI secure communication where the TOE is acting as the SSH server.

5.3.5 Secure Channel

5.3.5.1 FTP ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel

FTP\_ITC.1.1 The TSF shall provide a communication channel between itself and another trusted IT product that is logically distinct from other communication channels and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from modification and disclosure.

FTP\_ITC.1.2 The TSF shall permit <u>another trusted IT product</u> to initiate communication via the trusted channel.

FTP\_ITC.1.3 The TSF shall initiate communication via the trusted channel for **TOE** management.

5.3.6 Information Flow Control

5.3.6.1 FDP\_IFC.1 Subset information flow control

FDP\_IFC.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the Management Traffic Policy on

Subjects: Management device;

Information: IP packages;

Operation: accept or deny the IP packages.

5.3.6.2 FDP\_IFF.1 Simple security attributes

FDP\_IFF.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the **Management Traffic Policy** based on the following types of subject and information security attributes:

Subject security attributes: IP address, Port number;

 Information security attributes: IP protocol, source IP address, source port number, destination IP address, destination port number.

FDP\_IFF.1.2 The TSF shall permit an information flow between a controlled subject and controlled information via a controlled operation if the following rules hold:

- The TOE uses the Access Control List to match the IP packets of the management traffic. If the IP packet match an ACL rule, the TOE discards or accepts the packets based on the action specified in the ACL rule;
- An ACL rule is constructed by one or more of the following attributes:
   IP protocol number, source IP address, source port number, destination IP address, destination port number.

FDP\_IFF.1.3 The TSF shall enforce the **no other information flow control SFP rules**.

FDP\_IFF.1.4 The TSF shall explicitly authorise an information flow based on the following rules: **none**.

FDP\_IFF.1.5 The TSF shall explicitly deny an information flow based on the following rules: **none**.

#### 5.4 Security Assurance Requirements

The assurance requirements are EAL3+ALC\_FLR.2 and have been summarized in the following table:

Assurance Class	Assurance Components					
7 Addition Class	Identifier	Name				
	ADV_ARC.1	Security architecture description				
ADV: Development	ADV_FSP.3	Functional specification with complete summary				
	ADV_TDS.2	Architectural design				
AGD: Guidance	AGD_OPE.1	Operational user guidance				
documents	AGD_PRE.1	Preparative procedures				
	ALC_CMC.3	Authorisation controls				
ALC: Life-cycle support	ALC_CMS.3	Implementation representation CM coverage				

	ALC_DEL.1	Delivery procedures			
	ALC_DVS.1	Identification of security measures			
	ALC_LCD.1	Developer defined life-cycle model			
	ALC_FLR.2	Flaw reporting procedures			
	ASE_CCL.1	Conformance claims			
	ASE_ECD.1	Extended components definition			
ASE: Security Target	ASE_INT.1	ST introduction			
evaluation	ASE_OBJ.2	Security objectives			
Cvaldation	ASE_REQ.2	Derived security requirements			
	ASE_SPD.1	Security problem definition			
	ASE_TSS.1	TOE summary specification			
	ATE_COV.2	Analysis of coverage			
ATE: Tests	ATE_DPT.1	Testing: basic design			
7112. 10010	ATE_FUN.1	Functional testing			
	ATE_IND.2	Independent testing - sample			
AVA: Vulnerability	AVA VAN.2	Vulnerability analysis			
assessment	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Tamorability analysis			

### 5.5 Security Assurance Requirements Rationale

The Security Assurance Requirements for this Security Target are EAL3+ALC\_FLR.2. The reasons for this choice are that:

- □ EAL 3 is deemed to provide a good balance between assurance and costs and is in line with ZTE customer requirements.
- □ ALC\_FLR.2 provides assurance that ZTE has a clear and functioning process of accepting security flaws from users and updating the TOE when required. This is also in line with ZTE customer requirements.

### 6 TOE Summary Specification

This chapter describes how the TOE implements the security functional requirements defined in chapter 5.

#### 6.1 User identification and authentication

The TOE users are required to identify and authenticate themselves before they can perform any action using the TOE. User authentication is based on the username and password provided by the users and has a limited number of attempts before the user account is locked. Users can be unlocked by the security administrator. Users can also wait to be automatically unlocked after a period of time that is configurable by the security administrator.

The TOE maintains user information in order to enforce authentication and access control. The following information is maintained for each user:

- · User name and password;
- · Password history;
- User privilege level;
- User rules, including expiration date, the length of password history, allowed IPs, allowed authentication time, number of authentication attempts and locked period;
- · Locked and enabled status indicators.

User concurrent sessions are limited to:

a maximum 50 for each user in the TOE (with 3 as the default value). the sessions are automatically terminated after period of inactivity that is configurable by the security administrator in the TOE.

The security administrator can also restrict the time when a user can be authenticated in the TOE by

- 1. setting the expiration time of the password of users,
- 2. managing the activation status of a user (e.g. automatically deactivate a user after N days of inactivity, re-activate a user) and
- 3. revoking the access right when the user is already logged in.

User passwords have to meet certain rules to ensure that the passwords cannot be easily guessed or broken by brute force:

- The range of the password minimum length is 6~128, and the default recommended value is 8, including four types: number, upper case letter, lower case letter, other characters;
- The password cannot be the same as the username, the username in reverse or a common password dictionary word;
- The new password cannot be the same as one of the last (Rule.passwordHistoryNumber) passwords set in User.passwordHistory.

Locally managed passwords that do not meet these rules are rejected by the TOE.

(FIA\_UID.2, FIA\_UAU.2, FIA\_AFL.1, FIA\_ATD.1, FTA\_MCS.1, FIA\_SOS.1 and FTA\_SSL.3)

#### 6.2 Authorization & Security Management

The TOE enforces access control on users based on user privileges and user roles. Each user privilege or role has an allowed set of allowed actions (including various management actions).

ZXCTN 9000-8EA、ZXR10 M6000-16SE、ZXR10 M6000-3S Privilege levels are divided into level 0-18 and level 18 is the highest and ZXR10 5960M-4M-HI、ZXR10 5960X-56QU-HF、ZXR10 9904X、ZXR10 M6000-2S16 Privilege levels are divided into level 0-15 and level 15 is the highest.User roles are divided into three types: Administrator, common user, and monitor. The administrator has the level-15 permission, the common user has the level-1 permission, and the monitor has level-0 permission (view only). The common user and the monitor can view the configuration information but cannot modify it.

Access control also verifies that user information is correct, such as that the user is enabled and not locked, user is not idle, user's password is not expired. The access control on the TOE also checks the user's allowed time interval.

(FMT\_SMR.1, FDP\_ACC.2, FDP\_ACF.1, FMT\_SMF.1, FMT\_MSA.1 and FMT\_MSA.3)

#### 6.3 Logging & Auditing

The TOE generates audit logs to record the following events:

- User authentication;
- · Locking or unlocking a user account;
- · Enabling or disabling a user account;
- · Add, remove or modify a user account;
- · Add, remove or modify a user's rule;
- · When a user session is terminated by timeout;

The log records include date and time of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event.

The TOE provides the capability to review the logs to the security administrator of the TOE.

The audit store is protected against manipulation. Log records cannot be edited and can only be deleted by the administrator of the TOE.

The log records overwrite themselves when the log trail is full in the TOE. Nonetheless, the records can be automatically sent to a remote server set on the DCN management network.

(FAU\_GEN.1, FAU\_SAR.1, FAU\_STG.1 and FAU\_STG.4)

#### 6.4 Trusted Path and Trust Channel

The TOE provides secure interaction between itself and various machines in the environment, so that management commands cannot be read or modified in between.

Communication between the TOE and the Management Client is protected by SSH. The supported cryptographic algorithms for each protocol are provided below:

Channel	Security Technology	Algorithms	Key Length
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Management Client	SSH	Key exchange is performed using
		diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
		ecdh-sha2-nistp256
		ecdh-sha2-nistp384
		ecdh-sha2-nistp521
		The public key algorithm of the SSH transport
		implementation are
		ssh-rsa
		ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
		ecdsa-sha2-nistp384
		ecdsa-sha2-nistp521
		ssh-ed25519
		For data encryption are
		aes256-ctr
		aes192-ctr
		aes128-ctr
		aes128-gcm
		aes256-gcm
		For data integrity protection are
		hmac-sha2-256
		hmac-sha2-512

The TOE can also acted as an SSH client to manage other network elements, as shown in Figure 1. However TOE acting as an SSH client is explicitly excluded from the evaluation scope. For the user who wants to use the TOE to manage other network elements, the communication between the TOE and the managed network element must be protected by the environment as per OE.TRUSTED\_NETWORK describes.

(FTP\_TRP.1, FTP\_ITC.1)

#### 6.5 Information Flow Control

The TOE enforces the following Management Traffic Policy:

User authentication can be restricted based on the user's IP address, port number and IP protocol. The administrator can set an allowed IP (or set of IPs) in the ACL rules so the user can only be successfully authenticated by connecting from the allowed IP.

(FDP\_IFC.1, FDP\_IFF.1)

#### Rationales 7

#### 7.1 **Security Objectives Rationale**

Assumptions/Threats	Objectives
T.COMMUNICATION_CH	This threat is directly covered by  O.SECURE_COMMUNICATION as it enforce to use secure communication channels on all communications between the TOE and the Management Clients.
T.UNAUTHENTICATED_USER	This threat is directly covered by  O.USER_AUTHENTICATION as it enforces user authentication in the TOE.
T.UNAUTHORIZED_ADMIN	This threat is directly covered by  O.USER_AUTHENTICATION and  O.ACCESS_CONTROL as these enforce user authentication and authorization based on the user's privilege.
T.UNDETECTED_ACTIVITY	This threat is directly covered by  O.USER_AUTHENTICATION and O.AUDITING as these enforce user authentication and logging of user actions on the TOE.
T.UNKNOWN_SOURCE	This threat is covered by  O.INFORMATION_FLOW_CONTROL and  OE.TRUSTED_NETWORK as only authorised users in the secure DCN network can manage the information flow control rules. And the TOE enforces correct management traffic according to the ACL rules.
A.TIME	This assumption is upheld by <b>OE.TIME</b> , which directly covers the assumption.
A. TRUSTED_NETWORK	This assumption is upheld by <b>OE.TRUSTED_NETWORK</b> , which directly covers the assumption.
A.PHYSICAL_PROTECTION	This assumption is upheld by OE.PHYSICAL_PROTECTION, which directly covers the assumption.
A.ADMINISTRATORS	This assumption is upheld by <b>OE.ADMINISTRATORS</b> , which directly covers the assumption.
A.MANAGEMENT_DEVICE	This assumption is upheld by  OE.MANAGEMENT_DEVICE, which directly covers

the assumption.	

## 7.2 Security Functional Requirements Rationale

O.SECURE_COMMUNICATION	This objective is met by:
	The objective to morely.
	• FTP_TRP.1 for the secure communication between the TOE and the client;
	FTP_ITC.1 for the secure communication between the TOE and other trusted IT products.
O.USER_AUTHENTICATION	This objective is met by:
	User identification and authentication before any action (FIA_UID.2, FIA_UAU.2);
	• Limited user authentication attempts (FIA_AFL.1);
	• Complex user password (FIA_SOS.1);
	• Limitation of user session (FTA_SSL.3, FTA_MCS.1);
	• Supporting user configuration (FMT_SMF.1).
O.ACCESS_CONTROL	This objective is met by:
	<ul> <li>User roles (privilege) and attributes implementation (FIA_ATD.1, FMT_SMR.1);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Enforcing access control based on user privilege and attributes (FDP_ACC.2, FDP_ACF.1, FMT_MSA.1, FMT_MSA.3);</li> </ul>
	Supporting access control configuration (FMT_SMF.1).
O.AUDITING	This objective is met by:
	Audit data generation (FAU_GEN.1)
	• Audit data protection (FAU_STG.1, FAU_STG.4);
	<ul> <li>Supporting audit data review (FAU_SAR.1, FMT_SMF.1).</li> </ul>
O.INFORMATION_FLOW_CONTROL.	This objective is met by:
	• Information flow control (FDP_IFC.1, FDP_IFF.1)

## 7.3 Dependencies

SFR	Dependency	Coverage
FIA_UID.2	None.	None.
FIA_UAU.2	FIA_UID.1	FIA_UID.2
FIA_AFL.1	FIA_UAU.1	FIA_UAU.2
FIA_SOS.1	None.	None.
FTA_SSL.3	None.	None.
FTA_MCS.1	FIA_UID.1	FIA_UID.2
FAU_GEN.1	FPT_STM.1	N/A. See below
FAU_SAR.1	FAU_GEN.1	FAU_GEN.1
FAU_STG.1	FAU_GEN.1	FAU_GEN.1
FAU_STG.4	FAU_STG.1	FAU_STG.1
FTP_TRP.1	None.	None.
FTP_ITC.1	None.	None.
FIA_ATD.1	None.	None.
FMT_SMF.1	None.	None.
FMT_SMR.1	FIA_UID.1	FIA_UID.2
FDP_ACC.2	FDP_ACF.1	FDP_ACF.1
FDP_ACF.1	FDP_ACC.1	FDP_ACC.2
	FMT_MSA.3	FMT_MSA.3
FMT_MSA.1	FDP_ACC.1	FDP_ACC.2
	FMT_SMR.1	FMT_SMR.1
	FMT_SMF.1	FMT_SMF.1
FMT_MSA.3	FMT_MSA.1	FMT_MSA.1
	FMT_SMR.1	FMT_SMR.1
FDP_IFC.1	FDP_IFF.1	FDP_IFF.1
FDP_IFF.1	FDP_IFC.1	FDP_IFC.1

ZTE IPN	Solution	Security	Target
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FMT_MSA.3	FMT_MSA.3
1 W11_W3A.3	T WT _WOA.5

**FPT\_STM.1** cannot be implemented by the TOE because it does not have the capability to generate reliable time stamps, therefore the time information is provided by a NTP server in the TOE network (OE.TIME).

## A The different TOEs

The different TOEs can be distinguished by capacity (number of ports/cards) and by the protocols they support.

The management interfaces supported by the TOEs are listed in Table 2

Table 2: Supported Protocols

TOE Series	TSFI						
	NETCONF	SSH	SFTP	TACACS+			
ZXCTN 9000-E Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 5960M Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 5960X Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 9900X Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 M6000-2S Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 M6000-S V5.00.10 Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			
ZXR10 M6000-SE Series Switches	Support	Support	Support	Support			

The physical interfaces supported by the IPN TOEs are listed in Table 3

Table 3: Supported interfaces

## ZTE IPN Solution Security Target

Products	ZXCTN 9000-3EA	ZXCIN	ZXCTN 9000- 18EA	ZXR10 5960M- 56QU-HI	ZXR10 5960M- 4M-HI	ZXR10 5960M- 8M-HI	ZXR10 5960X- 56QU-HF	ZXR10 5960X- 5 <b>6QU-HG</b>	ZXR10 5960X- 54DU-HF	ZXR10 5960X- 54DU-HG	ZXR10 5960X- 24U-HF	ZXR10 M6000- 2S6	ZXR10 M6000- 2S16
GE (1G)	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						<b>√</b>	√
XGE (10G)	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>			√	<b>√</b>		√	√
XXLGE (25G)	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√				<b>√</b>	√
XLGE (40G)	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
LGE (50G)	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>									√	√
CGE (100G)	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√
CDGE (400G)	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	٧	<b>√</b>							
E1	√	√	<b>√</b>									<b>√</b>	√
STM-1												<b>√</b>	√
FE	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>									<b>√</b>	√
CE1	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
STM-N	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
POS	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
Products	ZXR10 9904X	ZXR10 9908X	ZXR10 9916X	ZXR10 M6000- 18S	ZXR10 M6000-8S Plus	ZXR10 M6000-8S	ZXR10 M6000-5S	ZXR10 M6000-3S Plus	ZXR10 M6000-3S	ZXR10 M6000- 16SE	ZXR10 M6000- 8SE	ZXR10 M6000- 4SE	
GE (1G)				√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	
XGE (10G)	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	
XXLGE (25G)				√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	
XLGE (40G)	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	
LGE (50G)				√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
CGE (100G)	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	
CDGE (400G)				√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
E1				<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
CE1				√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
FE				√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
STM-N				√	V	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P0S				√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	

# **B List of Acronyms**

ACL Access Control Level

CC Common Criteria

CM Customer Management

DCN Data Communications Network

DST Daylight Saving Time

EMS Equipment Management System

ICT Information and Communications Technology

IP Internet Protocol

MAC Media Access Control

NMS Network Management System

NNI Network-to-network Interface

NTP Network Time Protocol

PC Personal Computer

PP Protect Profile

SFR Security Functional Requirement

SFTP Secure File Transfer Protocol

SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol

SSH Secure Shell

ST Security Target

TACACS+ Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus

TLS Transport Layer Security

TOE Target of Evaluation

TSF TOE Security Functions

UME Unified Management Expert

UNI User Network Interface

VLAN Virtual Local Area Network

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